

Our ref: FOI ID 4637

26 February 2015

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**NHS South Sefton CCG**

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## **Re: Freedom of Information Request**

Please find below the response to your recent Freedom of Information request regarding patients with congestive heart failure unitary tract conditions within NHS South Sefton CCG.

Under the Freedom of Information Act, please could you provide (for your CCG/CCGs, for 2013/14) a figure for:

- the number of patients treated outside hospital where congestive heart failure was recorded as a reason

[NHS South Sefton CCG does not hold this information. You may wish to refer your request to Liverpool Community Health who can be contacted on the details below.](#)

[FOI@liverpoolCH.nhs.uk](mailto:FOI@liverpoolCH.nhs.uk)

- the number of patients treated in hospital where congestive heart failure was recorded as a reason

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- the number of patients treated outside hospital for a urinary tract infection

[NHS South Sefton CCG does not hold this information. You may wish to refer your request to Liverpool Community Health Trust who can be contacted on the details above](#)

- the number of unplanned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a urinary tract infection

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- for the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- the aggregate income received for treating these patients (this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)the number of planned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a urinary tract infection

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- for the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- the aggregate income received for treating these patients (as above, this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- the number of patients treated outside hospital for a blocked urinary catheter

[NHS South Sefton CCG does not hold this information. You may wish to refer your request to Liverpool Community Health Trust who can be contacted on the details above.](#)

- the number of unplanned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a blocked urinary catheter

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- for the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted.

[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

- the aggregate income received for treating these patients (as above, this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)

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- the number of planned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a blocked urinary catheter

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[Please see attached spreadsheet](#)

## South Sefton CCG

### FOI request

### Congestive Heart Failure and Urinary Tract Infections relative to number of planned and unplanned admissions,

	Value	Comments
1) The number of patients treated outside hospital where congestive heart failure was recorded as a reason		Not recorded by South Sefton CCG
2) The number of patients treated in hospital where congestive heart failure was recorded as a reason	110	No. of patients, not the numbers of spells.
3) The number of patients treated outside hospital for a urinary tract infection		Not recorded by South Sefton CCG
4) The number of unplanned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a urinary tract infection	420	No. of completed spells
5) For the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted	8.43	Average length of stay.
6) The aggregate income received for treating these patients (this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)	£1,066,660	Total cost of the completed spells using PBR costing rules.
7) The number of planned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a urinary tract infection	11	No. of completed spells
8) For the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted	0.27	Average length of stay.
9) The aggregate income received for treating these patients (as above, this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)	£6,251	Total cost of the completed spells using PBR costing rules.
10) The number of patients treated outside hospital for a blocked urinary catheter		Not recorded by South Sefton CCG
11) The number of unplanned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a blocked urinary catheter	89	No. of completed spells
12) For the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted	4.53	Average length of stay.
13) The aggregate income received for treating these patients (as above, this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)	£115,869	Total cost of the completed spells using PBR costing rules.
14) The number of planned admissions to hospital by patients, owing to a blocked urinary catheter	9	No. of completed spells
15) For the above patients, the average number of nights they stayed in hospital after they were admitted	2.11	Average length of stay.
16) The aggregate income received for treating these patients (as above this should be the same as the tariff for these patients multiplied by the number of patients multiplied by the average number of nights)	£8,515	Total cost of the completed spells using PBR costing rules.

**Diagnosis Codes Used (ICD-10) as Primary  
Diagnosis**

**I50.0**

**Congestive Heart Failure**

**N39.0**

**Urinary Tract Infection (site not specified)**

**R43X**

**Code includes the following :**

BPH w urinary retention

Retention of urine due to occlusion of Foley catheter

Urinary retention caused by blocked foley catheter

Urinary retention caused by foley catheter occlusion

Urinary retention due to benign prostatic hypertrophy